

$H_p = 70 - 45000 Q^2$
 $H_s = 20 + 20000 Q^2$

How much is H and Q ?
 Throttle or Bypass $Q = 0,015 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

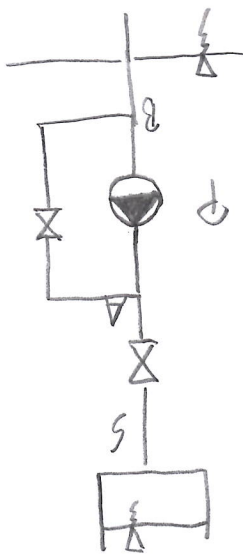
$Q_{\text{total}} = 0,4 + 240 Q - 50000 Q^2$

Draw the sketches! How large is the hydraulic loss in the two cases? How large is the specific energy consumption f in the two cases?

① $H_s = H_p \Rightarrow 70 - 45000 Q^2 = 20 + 20000 Q^2$

$Q = \sqrt{\frac{70-20}{45000+20000}} = 0,0277 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

b) By-pass



$H_p(Q_b) = 59,825 \text{ m}$; $H_s(Q_b) = 24,5 \text{ m}$

$\Delta H = H_p = H_s = 35,325 \text{ m}$

$P_{\text{pump}} = \rho g Q H_p = 1000 \cdot 0,015 \cdot 35,325 = 512,625 \text{ W}$

② $Q_b = 0,015 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$



a) Throttle

②

b) By-Pass

$$H_p(Q_{p,BP}) = 70 - 45000 Q_{p,BP}^2 = H_{BP} = H_s(Q_k) = 24,5 \text{ m}$$

$$Q_{p,BP} = \sqrt{\frac{70 - 24,5}{45000}} = 0,0318 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$Q_{BP} = Q_{p,BP} - Q_k = 0,0318 - 0,015 = 0,0168 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$P'_{BP} = Q_{BP} \cdot \rho \cdot g \cdot H_{BP} = 4 \text{ kW}$$

$$P_{\text{input}}(Q_k) = 9,4 + 240 \cdot 0,015 - 50000 \cdot 0,015^2 = 12,8 \text{ kW}$$

a)

$$f = \frac{P_{\text{in}}(Q_k)}{Q_k} = \frac{12,8 \text{ kW}}{0,015 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}} = 855 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{m}^3}$$

b)

$$P_{\text{in}}(Q_{p,BP}) = 15,4 \text{ kW} \quad (Q = 0,0318)$$

$$f = \frac{P_{\text{in}}(Q_{p,BP})}{Q_k} = \frac{15,4}{0,015} = 1028 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{m}^3}$$

